# LONG TERM RECOVERY GROUP ANNEX

#### Overview

Recovery following each disaster is unique and the long-term recovery (going beyond the relief and initial cleanup to actual rebuilding of homes and lives) may last months to years. Disasters are an opportunity for communities to grow back stronger. Often damages sustained in disaster can be prevented from reoccurring by implementing a long-term recovery strategy grounded in risk reduction analysis and mitigation.

A Long-Term Recovery Group (LTRG) is a cooperative body that is made up of representatives from faith-based, non-profit, governmental, business and other organizations working to ensure that individuals and families recover from disasters. It is essential that the LTRG coordinates, collaborates, communicates and cooperates with all partners in order to maximize the utilization of available resources, avoid duplication of benefits and/or services to individuals and families, generate financial, material and personnel resources, and enhance community confidence.

### **Voluntary Organizations Active in Disaster**

The Larimer County Voluntary Organizations Active in Disaster (Larimer VOAD) is a nonprofit, nonpartisan membership organization that serves as the forum where organizations share knowledge and resources throughout the emergency management cycle – preparedness, mitigation, response and recovery – to help communities prepare for and recover from disasters. The Long-Term Recovery Groups formed in Larimer County will have a strong foundational background from the Voluntary VOAD.

### LTRG Formation

Long-Term Recovery Groups are as varied as the communities they serve. The personality and structure of each group is unique and reflects the needs, resources, cultural diversity, and community support of the area. Many terms are used for a Long-Term Recovery Group, such as unmet needs, interfaith, committees, organizations, coalitions, roundtables, partnerships, coordinating councils, etc.

Once a disaster occurs in the county, the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) will begin to outline the priorities and needs of the community through situational awareness, damage assessments, and gap analyses. The VOAD has a representative within the EOC to provide input and guidance for community-based needs and to work with the Recovery / Mitigation lead to coordinate activities. When it is determined that the recovery will require additional support, the VOAD Organization will form an LTRG to meet the community needs of that event. Once this group is formed, the following actions will be taken:

- Convene stakeholders to address disaster needs
- · Seek and enact a fiscal agent to manage fundraising and the unmet needs fund
- Appoint a facilitator, convener, temporary chair and steering committee
- Appoint or hire an LTRG Manager who will ensure coordination amongst all members of the LTRG
- Develop a vision for recovery and the goals and objectives to get there
- Form task forces or working groups to make preliminary decisions
- Identify additional stakeholders for future involvement and participation
- Establish a process for assessing the disaster needs and available community resources
- Establish a preliminary budget

### Establishing a Framework for LTRG Leadership and Governance

Representatives of the governing body should reflect the diversity of the disaster-affected community. LTRG leadership may include:

- Representatives of local community-based organizations that have extended their regular programs to include disaster recovery needs
- Representatives from local emergency management or government
- Members of local private sector and civic groups
- Representatives of any organization providing resources in the recovery process
- Representatives from faith-based groups and organizations with disaster services
- Representatives with expertise in accounting, legal matters, grant writing, human resources, communications, marketing and building trades, etc.

Representative members must have sufficient authority from the organization to represent, make commitments and decisions.

# The Governing Body:

- Determines and communicates meeting times and locations
- Appoint or hire an LTRG Manager
- Adheres to the mission, vision and values of the organization
- Determines the group structure
- Establishes operational bylaws
- Develops short- and long-term goals
- Develops administrative policies and procedures which may include paid and/or volunteer staff
- Develops assistance guidelines and criteria for meeting disaster related unmet recovery needs (these are responsive to emerging needs and fluctuating resources)
- Identifies and develops resources to include human, material and financial resources
- Fosters the mechanism to provide assistance to individuals and families with disaster-related unmet needs
- Ensures fair and equitable distribution of resources
- Coordinates efforts with municipal, county, state, and governmental recovery agencies
- Ensures that all local, state and federal laws and codes are followed
- Determines a system of financial management, reporting, and accountability
- Administers all funds under the control of the LTRG through a fiscal agent
- Develops a cooperative communications plan to broadcast recovery information

### **Essential Functions**

Essential functions of an LTRG that must be considered include:

- Disaster Case Management
- Construction Management
- Financial Management
- Donations Management
- Housing Management
- Emotional Support Committee / Crisis Counseling
- Spiritual Care
- Volunteer Management

- Advocacy of Community Needs
- Unmet Needs Coordination

### Roles and Responsibilities:

<u>Disaster Case Management</u>: There are a number of ways that disaster case managers can interface with LTRGs. The appropriate structure is dependent upon the needs of the local community and the scale, nature, and resources of the disaster and recovery efforts. Disaster case managers from multiple voluntary agencies access the LTRG through an established unmet needs committee. This is a time-limited process which is done by skilled, trained workers that meet multiple times with a client to create and agree upon a detailed recovery plan with goals for recovery following a disaster. Case managers are the initial point of contact to coordinate necessary services and resources.

- Obtain all necessary statewide intake and case management forms and procedures
- Obtain all necessary authorizations
- Obtain verification of assistance received, assistance for which application is made, income and personal resources
- Create a recovery plan with the client including resources, gaps and priorities
- Record the results in the case management files / database
- If service or assistance is approved, provide follow through to verify that approved services or assistance is provided
- If the LTRG decision is deferred, or more information is needed, provide necessary follow up so that the case will be presented again
- Assist the person requesting assistance in developing a plan for mitigation and prevention of future loss, if appropriate

### LTRG Leadership and/or Manager:

The LTRG Leadership is responsible for making all policy level decisions regarding the use of LTRG funds and services. The LTRG Manager acts as a hub for information and services, ensuring that no request for assistance goes unanswered and ensuring that all groups or committees within the LTRG are working together in a coordinated fashion.

- Forecast case management and unmet needs resources short- and long-term goals
- Create communication tools in order to support case management client intake
- Facilitate LTRG meetings
- · Create and develop websites, social media sites and other online media
- Use the most cost effective means of providing service or assistance:
  - Use all available in-kind and volunteer resources
  - Assist the person requesting assistance in obtaining all available and appropriate governmental and private assistance and insurance reimbursement
  - Ensure that all assistance is in line with local, state, and federal codes, statutes and ordinances
  - Confirm that all privately provided services are within fair market price for the service, and, if not, assist the person requesting assistance in negotiating a fair market price or obtaining a vendor who will provide the service at a fair market price
  - Protect against any duplication of service or assistance
- Work with case management supervisors to establish clear reasons for decisions to provide or deny service or assistance
- Work with case management supervisors to provide the person requesting assistance with the means to request reconsideration of a denial of service or assistance

- Develop strategies for short and long term fundraising goals
- Work with community or neighborhood leaders to identify community needs and assist in facilitating solutions
- Write grants or identify funding or tools needed for LTRG operations
- Coordinate all press/media activities to maintain messaging to the public that encourages LTRG operations and case management intake
- Coordinate community events, educational EXPO's, town hall meetings and any other appropriate informational events
- Field all incoming grievances from the public or individual clients.
- Develop and foster relationships with potential LTRG faith-based partners
- Coordinate community outreach and needs assessment efforts

### Construction Management: Assist flood survivors with rebuilding or repairing their damaged homes

- Determine needs and priorities based on the damages sustained
- Estimate home repair costs
- Work with the floodplain manager to ensure rebuilding is allowed and to determine any limitations to building due to floodplain changes (fire and flood hazards)
- Work with city / county personnel to ensure all codes and ordinances are followed and all permits are secured prior to work being completed
- Plan projects and oversee construction
- Coordinate with the Volunteer Management group regarding the use of volunteers for construction and clean-up projects

# <u>Housing Management</u>: Secures rental, purchase and permanent housing assistance for disaster survivors.

- Temporary rental assistance
- Temporary mortgage assistance
- Temporary utility assistance
- Provision or purchase of essential appliances, including refrigerators, stoves, furnace units, washers, dryers, microwaves, and other small appliances
- Repair to household systems, such as electric, plumbing, heating and cooling
- Structural repairs needed to ensure safe, sustainable and stable housing
- Reconstruction
- Cleaning
- Moisture control services and removal of mold and mildew

# <u>Donations Management</u>: Provides donated goods to those affected by the disaster.

- Provision of essential used furniture and other household goods
- Provision of clothes and shoes
- Provision of essential items for children, such as school supplies, bicycles, recreation and sports equipment
- Provision of essential equipment for home-based income-producing activity
- Purchase or provision of goods and services necessary for mitigation and prevention of future loss
- Provision of other essential goods and services necessary for an individual or family's recovery, not already specified.

 Serve as the focal point for non-finance donations intake and distribution from the Donations Center Warehouse

Emotional Support Committee or (CCP – Crisis Counseling Program) The Colorado Spirit Mountain Outreach team was established to support the 2013 Colorado Flood areas with their recovery, and was funded through a-federal grant initially. They were extended through a combination of local and regional funding. The Team members are employees of Touchstone Health Partners, a non-profit organization serving Larimer County.

- Distributes informational brochures directly to affected residents and throughout the community
- Assist individuals with emotional needs
- Organizes support and educational meetings to help re-establish a sense of community
- Makes formal presentations within the community to educate individuals and groups about available support
- Provides services and resources as needs require to support the community

<u>Volunteer Management</u>: Manages all staff, local and incoming, and provides logistical support for incoming volunteer work teams.

- Assist in housing and feeding requests for volunteers
- Assist in clean up activities on affected properties by coordinating volunteer efforts
- Coordinate unaffiliated volunteers
- Coordinate activities for volunteer organizations and affiliated volunteers
- · Work with the city / county debris managers to ensure a coordinated clean-up effort
- Manage unmet private debris needs

<u>Unmet Needs Committee</u>: The goal of the Unmet Needs Committee of the Long Term Recovery Group (LTRG) is to provide assistance from available funds to eligible individuals and families using a fair and equitable case management process. We recognize that the combined donations from all sources will not be enough to make survivors whole, thus it is necessary to prioritize eligibility. Membership on the Unmet Needs Committee is restricted to those organizations holding funds that are available for distribution to meet the unmet needs of the disaster survivors.

\* Please see Attachment 1 for more detailed information about the Unmet Needs Committee and its requirements.

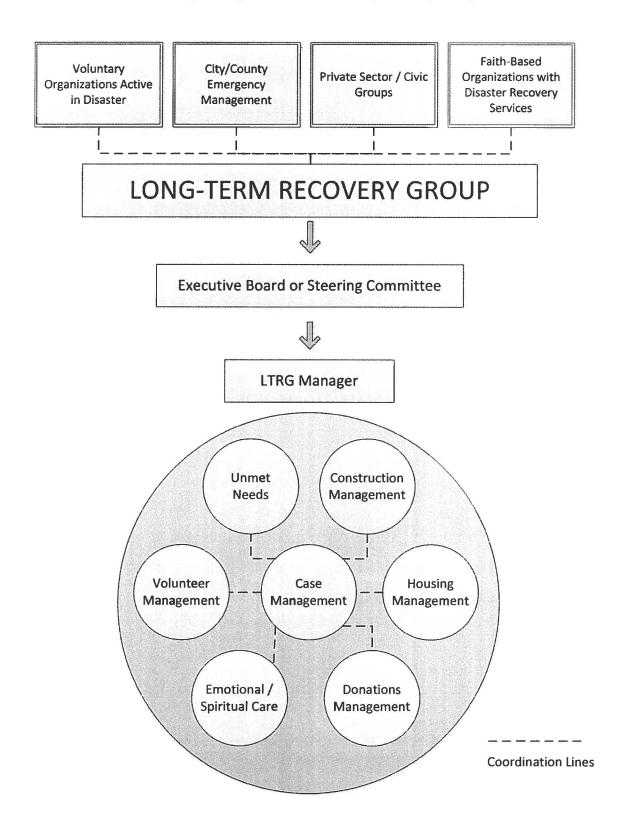
Coordination of all of these functions with Larimer County Government is essential to reduce duplication of efforts, provide sound fiscal management, improve communications and coordination, and ensure all local, state and federal laws and guidelines are met throughout the process.

### LTRG Organization

The organization of the LTRG involves multiple partners from several different sectors, as well as levels of government. Because of this, a typical hierarchical organizational chart is not possible. The organization outlined below illustrates the collaborative nature of this organization. First, there will be VOAD members, city/county emergency management personnel, private sector organizations, civic groups, and faith-based organizations that will all come together during the disaster to coordinate activities to meet the needs of the community. Once the LTRG is formed, the Executive Board and/or Steering Committee will provide the leadership for the group and ensure goals and objectives are met.

This will be done by working with the various committees and/or task forces established based on the needs of the community.

# Larimer County Long-Term Recovery Group Organization



### **Attachment 1: Unmet Needs Committee**

The goal of the Unmet Needs Committee of the Long Term Recovery Group (LTRG) is to provide assistance from available funds to eligible individuals and families using a fair and equitable case management process. We recognize that the combined donations from all sources will not be enough to make survivors whole, thus it is necessary to prioritize eligibility. Membership on the Unmet Needs Committee is restricted to those organizations holding funds that are available for distribution to meet the unmet needs of the disaster survivors.

A limited amount of funds are available for survivors who have not been compensated from insurance or other sources. The objective is to assist survivors in obtaining a safe, sanitary and secure primary residence, returning to pre-disaster livelihood, and assistance with other disaster-caused or disaster-related needs.

Eligibility: Beneficiaries must be survivors of, and have verifiable damage or loss, caused by the disaster.

**Case Management:** The primary interface with survivors is through our established case management process.

# Eligible Use of Funds: All unmet needs must be directly attributable to the disaster

- · Assisting in the repair or replacement of a home
- · Assisting in the repair or replacement of personal property
- Health related issues
- Loss of Livelihood
- Temporary Housing Needs
- Health Related Issues
- Other Compelling Needs

**Prioritization:** To prioritize funding distribution, the LTRG will consider factors such as financial need, documented disability or health need, single parent, older adult, immediate need for safe housing, and other compelling factors. Documentation, as appropriate and available, may be required by case managers to verify need. Applicants are expected to have applied for available local agency assistance before coming to the LTRG Unmet Needs Committee.

**General Case Management Process:** Applicants must meet with case managers from the LTRG, who will assess situations, identify resources, and refer residents to possible sources of assistance, including funds available from the Long-Term Recovery Fund.

- Case managers are expected to obtain verification of declared needs. Document copies become
  part of the confidential case management files to substantiate needs brought before the Unmet
  Needs Committee. This is required for potential charitable giving audits by the IRS or charitable
  organizations.
- 2. When the case manager determines there is sufficient information gathered about the family and their needs, the case is reviewed by the Case Management Supervisor who will then present the case to the Unmet Needs Committee.
- 3. Cases may be presented to the Unmet Needs Committee members via email. In the event your organization does not want to participate on a Case being presented, no reply or discussion

concerning the case is needed. Agencies wishing to participate may "reply all" to the email so others on the Unmet Needs Committee can see that the needs are being met.

- 4. The Unmet Needs Committee meets periodically to review cases brought forward by the Case Management Committee for presentation, discussion, and possible assistance. In addition to representatives of the LTRG Unmet Needs Committee, other organizations with relevant funds or assistance will be invited to meetings.
- 5. Assistance may be approved by one or several organizations or none as a result of the discussion and review at the meeting. Additional documentation could be requested by the Unmet Needs Committee and the Unmet Needs Committee may also decline the request.
- 6. Family names are not used in the Unmet Needs Committee.
- 7. Neither case managers nor the Case Management Supervisor set the priorities for the Unmet Needs Committee attendees.

### **Typical Case Presentation Components**

The Case Presentation is intended to give the Unmet Needs Committee attendees a full understanding of the family situation so that compassionate prioritization can be undertaken as described above.

Although any given presentation may not include all of these (and may include other information), the Unmet Needs Committee expects Case Presentation touching on the following aspects of each case:

- 1. Financial need
- 2. Housing Situation
- 3. Disability, Sole-parent with dependent children, Support of Older Adult situation
- 4. Health/Medical situation
- 5. Other assistance requested and status For housing, this could include SBA or Housing Authority applications and status. Similar information would be appropriate for other assistance for items identified as "eligible uses" of our funds.
- 6. Unmet Needs Summary this identifies where other assistance is unavailable.

### **Disbursement of Unmet Needs Funds - Policies**

1. Disbursement of monies shall go to billed invoices, whether for materials or services, but cannot be disbursed directly to case client or immediate family of the client, (even when or if, the property owner is acting as a contractor for their respective recovery project); nor can funds be disbursed to case client as reimbursement for monies previously spent by client.

### **Guidelines for Maximum Funding Per Household**

In order that a majority of clients can receive financial assistance by way of Unmet Needs Funding, a guideline for a Maximum Cap of \$25,000 per household is recommended and was utilized during the 2013 Colorado floods. The Unmet Needs Committee and Executive Board will set these guidelines at the time of each disaster based upon available funds and size and scope of the event. Categories used in the 2013 Colorado Floods are as follows:

- \$6,000 temporary housing / rent or mortgage assistance
- \$10,000 tools & equipment / livelihood
- \$15,000 vehicle replacement
- \$25,000 repair or rebuilding a primary residence

• Additional consideration may be given to repair/rebuild for prioritized populations: over age 65, single parent with dependent children in the home, and people with a disability

# **APPROVAL SIGNATURES**

The undersigned have hereby reviewed and approved the LTRG	Annex of the Larimer County
Recovery Plan	
Jana Day	6-27-15
Larimer County VOAD	Date
Bou B. Well	7/29/15
Lori Hodges, Emergency Management	Date