



Hydromulching

Denver Federal Center
Building 56, Room 2604
PO Box 25426
Denver, Co 80225-0426

720-544-2810 - office
www.co.nrcs.usda.gov



NOTE

After a fire many trees are weakened from burning around the base of the trunk. The trees can fall over or blow down without warning. Shallow rooted trees can also fall. Therefore be extremely alert when around burned trees.

What is hydromulching?

Hydromulching is spraying a mixture of water, fiber mulch, and tackifier on burned slopes to prevent soil erosion or foster revegetation. Seed, fertilizer, or soil stabilizing polymers may also be applied with the hydromulch.

When is hydromulching used?

Hydromulch is used on severely burned or otherwise highly erosive areas with 20% to 60% slopes. Hydromulching is an expensive erosion control method and therefore is generally limited to treating high risk areas to protect valuable properties, surface water supply sources, or important habitat. Due to its expense conventional mulching is generally used on slopes less than 20%. Use of ground applied hydromulch is limited to areas within 300 feet of the roads or trails that are necessary to provide access for the application equipment.

Uniform aerial application of hydromulch is difficult to accomplish and as a result has proven less effective for erosion control, so it is seldom recommended. Hydromulch is generally not recommended where there is more than 25% surface rock cover, in areas where there is appreciable needle-cast, or where there is good potential for regrowth of vegetation within the first year after a fire.

Methods and Materials?

Hydromulching utilizes a 1,000 to 3,000 gallon tank mounted on a truck or trailer that is equipped with a special pump and continuous agitation system. The pump forces the slurry through either a discharge nozzle mounted on top of the tank or a nozzle on the end of a hose. Hoses are typically limited to 200 feet in length. Fiber mulch and tackifier are added to the water in the tank and thoroughly mixed prior to application.

The type and amount of mulch and tackifier is selected to provide a minimum of 70% surface cover that will remain in place for at least one growing season. Application rates in the range of 2,000 to 3,000 pounds of wood fiber mulch and 75 to 100 pounds of Guar based tackifier per acre are typical. Fiber mulch has natural tackifying properties, but adding a tackifier is necessary to ensure the mulch remains in place when it is applied to burned slopes. Use of 500 to 1,000 pounds fiber mulch per acre and tackifier can be applied over loose, blown straw to tack it down where crimping is impractical.

The actual materials and application rates to be used at any location should be determined by erosion control experts with consideration for the specific site characteristics and the level of protection required.

Hydroseeding

When seed is applied with the mulch (Hydroseeding) split applications are generally more effective than applying all materials in one pass. About 500 pounds of mulch per acre is applied with the seed (and fertilizer if recommended) in the first pass followed by a second application of 1,500 to 2,000 pounds of mulch and tackifier. See the Temporary and Permanent Seeding Fact Sheets for specific seed recommendations.

Safety concerns?

Ground hydromulching uses existing roads that may have other traffic. A road safety plan is needed to identify and explain how to mitigate traffic related hazards.

Personnel applying hydromulch must wear the type and extent of personnel protective equipment that is appropriate for the type and nature of material being applied.

Fiber mulch is dyed to aid in uniform distribution, and care should be taken to avoid application on concrete, painted surfaces, or other structures/areas where mulch is not intended to be applied.



TRUCK-MOUNTED NOZZLES CAN TREAT SLOPES UP TO 125 FEET AWAY. FOR DOWNSLOPES, IT CAN REACH OUT TO 150 FEET.

HYDROSEEDING
TANK MIX INCLUDES:
WATER, WOOD FIBER, SEED,
FERTILIZER (OPTIONAL AFTER
FIRES) AND TACKIFIER (OPTIONAL)

HYDROMULCHING
TANK MIX INCLUDES:
WATER, WOOD FIBER, AND
TACKIFIER (OPTIONAL)

200 TO 225 FEET OF SLOPE
CAN BE TREATED BY FIRST
USING 100 TO 150 FEET OF
HOSE PRESSURIZED BY
THE TANK TRUCK.

